

高雄市明誠中學 高一數學平時測驗 日期：95.06.20				
範圍	3-4	班級		姓名
	積與和、差的互換	座號		

一、單一選擇題 (每題 10 分)

- 1、(C) 求 $\cos 47^\circ - \cos 87^\circ =$ (A) $-\sin 134^\circ \sin 40^\circ$ (B) $-2 \sin 134^\circ \sin 40^\circ$ (C) $2 \sin 67^\circ \sin 20^\circ$
(D) $-2 \sin 67^\circ \sin 20^\circ$ (E) $-\sin 67^\circ \sin 20^\circ$

解析： $\cos 47^\circ - \cos 87^\circ = -2 \sin\left(\frac{47^\circ + 87^\circ}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{47^\circ - 87^\circ}{2}\right) = 2 \sin 67^\circ \sin 20^\circ$

- 2、(D) 求 $\cos 31^\circ + \sin 9^\circ =$ (A) $\sin 40^\circ - \sin 22^\circ$ (B) $\frac{1}{2}(\sin 40^\circ - \sin 22^\circ)$ (C) $\cos 56^\circ \cos 25^\circ$
(D) $2 \cos 56^\circ \cos 25^\circ$ (E) $2 \cos 112^\circ \cos 50^\circ$

解析： $\cos 31^\circ + \sin 9^\circ = \cos 31^\circ + \cos 81^\circ = 2 \cos\left(\frac{31^\circ + 81^\circ}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{31^\circ - 81^\circ}{2}\right) = 2 \cos 56^\circ \cos 25^\circ$

- 3、(B) 如下圖 $\angle BAC = \theta, \angle ABD = \angle ACD = 90^\circ, \overline{AB} = a, \overline{BD} = b$ 。下列選項何者可以表示 \overline{CD} ? (A) $a \sin \theta + b \cos \theta$ (B) $a \sin \theta - b \cos \theta$
(C) $a \cos \theta - b \sin \theta$ (D) $a \cos \theta + b \sin \theta$ (E) $a \sin \theta + b \tan \theta$

解析：連 \overline{AD} ，設 $\angle BAD = \alpha$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{CD} &= \overline{AD} \cdot \sin(\theta - \alpha) = \overline{AD}(\sin \theta \cos \alpha - \cos \theta \sin \alpha) \\ &= \overline{AD}\left(\sin \theta \cdot \frac{a}{\overline{AD}} - \cos \theta \cdot \frac{b}{\overline{AD}}\right) = a \sin \theta - b \cos \theta \end{aligned}$$

- 4、(E) 若 $\frac{\sin 17^\circ - \cos 47^\circ}{\cos 17^\circ + \sin 47^\circ} = \tan \theta$ 且 $0^\circ \leq \theta < 180^\circ$ ，則 $\theta =$
(A) 13° (B) 30° (C) 60° (D) 103° (E) 167°

解析：

$$\frac{\sin 17^\circ - \cos 47^\circ}{\cos 17^\circ + \sin 47^\circ} = \frac{\cos 73^\circ - \cos 47^\circ}{\sin 73^\circ + \sin 47^\circ} = \frac{-2 \sin 60^\circ \sin 13^\circ}{2 \sin 60^\circ \cos 13^\circ} = -\tan 13^\circ = \tan 167^\circ$$

- 5、(C) $\cos 37.5^\circ \cdot \cos 7.5^\circ =$ (A) $\frac{\sqrt{2}+1}{4}$ (B) $\frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{4}$ (C) $\frac{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}}{4}$ (D) $\frac{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}}{4}$ (E) $\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{4}$

解析： $\cos 37.5^\circ \cdot \cos 7.5^\circ = \frac{1}{2}(\cos 45^\circ + \cos 30^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}{4}$

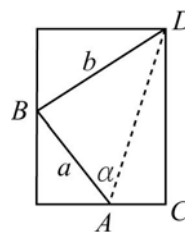
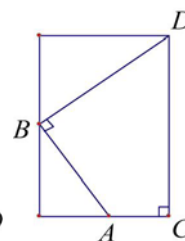
- 6、(B) 求 $\sin 63^\circ \cos 101^\circ =$ (A) $\sin 164^\circ - \sin 38^\circ$ (B) $\frac{1}{2}(\sin 164^\circ - \sin 38^\circ)$
(C) $\frac{1}{2}(\sin 164^\circ + \sin 38^\circ)$ (D) $\sin 82^\circ + \sin 19^\circ$ (E) $\frac{1}{2}(\sin 82^\circ - \sin 19^\circ)$

解析： $\sin 63^\circ \cos 101^\circ = \frac{1}{2}[\sin(63^\circ + 101^\circ) + \sin(63^\circ - 101^\circ)] = \frac{1}{2}(\sin 164^\circ - \sin 38^\circ)$

二、填充題 (每題 10 分)

- 7、設 $\theta = \frac{\pi}{20}$ ，則 $\frac{\sin 6\theta \cos 7\theta}{\sin \theta - \sin 7\theta}$ 之值為_____。

答案： $-\frac{1}{2}$



解析：∵ $\theta = \frac{\pi}{20} \Rightarrow 10\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$ ，∴ $\sin 6\theta = \cos 4\theta$ ， $\cos 7\theta = \sin 3\theta$

$$\text{故 } \frac{\sin 6\theta \cos 7\theta}{\sin \theta - \sin 7\theta} = \frac{\sin 6\theta \cos 7\theta}{2 \cos 4\theta \sin(-3\theta)} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

8、 $\sin 55^\circ - \cos 95^\circ - \sin 115^\circ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案：0

解析：原式 = $\sin 55^\circ + \sin 5^\circ - \sin 115^\circ = \sin 55^\circ + 2 \cos 60^\circ \sin(-55^\circ) = \sin 55^\circ - \sin 55^\circ = 0$

9、 $\cos 17^\circ \cos 43^\circ + \cos 43^\circ \cos 103^\circ + \cos 103^\circ \cos 163^\circ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案： $\frac{3}{4}$

解析： $\cos 17^\circ \cos 43^\circ + \cos 43^\circ \cos 103^\circ + \cos 103^\circ \cos 163^\circ$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{2}[(\cos 60^\circ + \cos 26^\circ) + (\cos 146^\circ + \cos 60^\circ) + (\cos 266^\circ + \cos 60^\circ)] \\ &= \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}(\cos 26^\circ + \cos 146^\circ + \cos 266^\circ) \\ &= \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}(\cos 26^\circ + 2 \cos 206^\circ \cos 60^\circ) \\ &= \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}(\cos 26^\circ - 2 \cos 26^\circ \cdot \frac{1}{2}) = \frac{3}{4} \end{aligned}$$

10、設 $\cos 2\theta = \frac{4}{5}$ ，則 $\tan(\theta + 60^\circ) \cdot \tan(\theta - 60^\circ) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案： $-\frac{13}{3}$

解析：∵ $\cos 2\theta = \frac{4}{5}$ ，

$$\therefore \tan(\theta + 60^\circ) \cdot \tan(\theta - 60^\circ) = \frac{2 \sin(\theta + 60^\circ) \sin(\theta - 60^\circ)}{2 \cos(\theta + 60^\circ) \cos(\theta - 60^\circ)} = \frac{-\cos 2\theta + \cos 120^\circ}{\cos 2\theta + \cos 120^\circ} = -\frac{13}{3}$$

11、求 $\cos^2 \theta + \cos^2(\theta + \frac{\pi}{3}) + \cos^2(\theta + \frac{2\pi}{3}) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案： $\frac{3}{2}$

解析：

$$\begin{aligned} \text{原式} &= \frac{1 + \cos 2\theta}{2} + \frac{1 + \cos(2\theta + \frac{2\pi}{3})}{2} + \frac{1 + \cos(2\theta + \frac{4\pi}{3})}{2} \\ &= \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2}[\cos 2\theta + \cos(2\theta + \frac{2\pi}{3}) + \cos(2\theta + \frac{4\pi}{3})] \\ &= \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2}[\cos 2\theta + 2 \cos(2\theta + \pi) \cos(-\frac{\pi}{3})] \\ &= \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2}[\cos 2\theta - 2 \cos(2\theta) \cos \frac{\pi}{3}] = \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

12、設 $\sin x + \sin y = \frac{1}{2}$ ， $\cos x + \cos y = \frac{1}{3}$ ，則 $\tan \frac{x+y}{2} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ ， $\sin(x+y) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案： $\frac{3}{2}$; $\frac{12}{13}$

解析： $\sin x + \sin y = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 2 \sin \frac{x+y}{2} \cos \frac{x-y}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \dots\dots ①$

$\cos x + \cos y = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow 2 \cos \frac{x+y}{2} \cos \frac{x-y}{2} = \frac{1}{3} \dots\dots ②$

① 得 $\frac{\sin \frac{x+y}{2}}{\cos \frac{x+y}{2}} = \frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow \tan \frac{x+y}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$, $\sin(x+y) = \frac{2 \tan \frac{x+y}{2}}{1 + \tan^2 \frac{x+y}{2}} = \frac{2 \times \frac{3}{2}}{1 + (\frac{3}{2})^2} = \frac{12}{13}$

13、設 $\sin 2\alpha = \frac{1}{3}$, 則 $\frac{\cos 3\alpha + \cos \alpha}{\sin 5\alpha + \sin 3\alpha} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$, $\frac{\cos 3\alpha - \cos \alpha}{\sin 5\alpha - \sin 3\alpha} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案： $\frac{3}{2}$, $-\frac{3}{7}$

解析： $\frac{\cos 3\alpha + \cos \alpha}{\sin 5\alpha + \sin 3\alpha} = \frac{2 \cos 2\alpha \cos \alpha}{2 \sin 4\alpha \cos \alpha} = \frac{\cos 2\alpha}{2 \sin 2\alpha \cos 2\alpha} = \frac{1}{2 \sin 2\alpha} = \frac{3}{2}$

$\frac{\cos 3\alpha - \cos \alpha}{\sin 5\alpha - \sin 3\alpha} = \frac{-2 \sin 2\alpha \sin \alpha}{2 \cos 4\alpha \sin \alpha} = \frac{-\sin 2\alpha}{1 - 2 \sin^2 2\alpha} = -\frac{3}{7}$

14、化簡 $\frac{(\cos 6\theta - \cos 4\theta)(\sin 5\theta - \sin \theta)}{(\sin 8\theta + \sin 2\theta)(\cos 3\theta - \cos \theta)} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案： 1

解析： 原式 = $\frac{-2 \sin 5\theta \sin \theta \cdot 2 \cos 3\theta \sin 2\theta}{2 \sin 5\theta \cdot \cos 3\theta \cdot (-2 \sin 2\theta \sin \theta)} = 1$

15、 $\cos 80^\circ \cdot \sin 18^\circ + \sin 74^\circ \cdot \cos 44^\circ - \sin 19^\circ \sin 11^\circ$ 之值為 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案： $\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{4}$

解析： 原式 = $\frac{1}{2} [(\sin 98^\circ - \sin 62^\circ) + (\sin 118^\circ + \sin 30^\circ) + (\cos 30^\circ - \cos 8^\circ)]$

$= \frac{1}{2} [\cos 8^\circ - \sin 62^\circ + \sin 62^\circ + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \cos 8^\circ] = \frac{1}{2} (\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{4}$

16、(1)用積化和差將 $\sin 40^\circ \cdot \sin 80^\circ$ 化爲 $a \cos \theta + b$ 且 $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 90^\circ$, a, b 爲實數, 則

$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$; $b = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

(2) $\sin 20^\circ \cdot \sin 40^\circ \sin 80^\circ$ 之值爲 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案： (1) $\frac{1}{2}$; $\frac{1}{4}$ (2) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{8}$

解析： (1) $\sin 40^\circ \sin 80^\circ = -\frac{1}{2} (\cos 120^\circ - \cos 40^\circ) = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \cos 40^\circ$, $\therefore b = \frac{1}{4}$

(2) $\sin 20^\circ \sin 40^\circ \sin 80^\circ = \sin 20^\circ (\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \cos 40^\circ) = \frac{1}{4} \sin 20^\circ + \frac{1}{4} (\sin 60^\circ - \sin 20^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{8}$

17、 $\cos 70^\circ - \cos 30^\circ + \cos 50^\circ - \cos 10^\circ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案： $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

解析 : $[(\cos 70^\circ + \cos 50^\circ) - \cos 10^\circ] - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 2 \cos 60^\circ \cos 10^\circ - \cos 10^\circ - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

18、 $\frac{\sin 115^\circ \cdot \sin 25^\circ}{\sin 100^\circ + \sin 20^\circ}$ 之值為_____。

答案 : $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}}$

解析 : $\frac{\sin 115^\circ \cdot \sin 25^\circ}{\sin 100^\circ + \sin 20^\circ} = \frac{\frac{1}{-2}(\cos 140^\circ - \cos 90^\circ)}{2 \sin 60^\circ \cos 40^\circ} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cos 40^\circ}{\sqrt{3} \cos 40^\circ} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}}$

19、 $\cos^2 24^\circ + \cos^2 36^\circ + \sin^2 6^\circ$ 之值為_____

答案 : $\cos^2 24^\circ + \cos^2 36^\circ + \sin^2 6^\circ = \frac{1 + \cos 48^\circ}{2} + \frac{1 + \cos 72^\circ}{2} + \frac{1 - \cos 12^\circ}{2}$
 $= \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2}(\cos 48^\circ + \cos 72^\circ - \cos 12^\circ) = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2}(2 \cos 60^\circ \cos 12^\circ - \cos 12^\circ) = \frac{3}{2}$

20、(1) $\cos \frac{\pi}{7} \cdot \cos \frac{3\pi}{7} \cdot \cos \frac{5\pi}{7}$ 之值為_____；(2) $\cos \frac{\pi}{7} + \cos \frac{3\pi}{7} + \cos \frac{5\pi}{7}$ 之值為_____

答案 : (1)

$$\begin{aligned} & \cos \frac{\pi}{7} \cdot \cos \frac{3\pi}{7} \cdot \cos \frac{5\pi}{7} \\ &= \cos \frac{\pi}{7} \cdot (-\cos \frac{4\pi}{7}) \cdot (-\cos \frac{2\pi}{7}) = \cos \frac{\pi}{7} \cdot \cos \frac{2\pi}{7} \cdot \cos \frac{4\pi}{7} \\ &= \frac{8 \sin \frac{\pi}{7} \cos \frac{\pi}{7} \cos \frac{2\pi}{7} \cos \frac{4\pi}{7}}{8 \sin \frac{\pi}{7}} = \frac{\sin \frac{8\pi}{7}}{8 \sin \frac{\pi}{7}} = \frac{-\sin \frac{\pi}{7}}{8 \sin \frac{\pi}{7}} = -\frac{1}{8} \end{aligned}$$

(2) $p = \cos \frac{\pi}{7} + \cos \frac{3\pi}{7} + \cos \frac{5\pi}{7}$

$$2 \sin \frac{\pi}{7} \cdot p = 2 \sin \frac{\pi}{7} \cos \frac{\pi}{7} + 2 \sin \frac{\pi}{7} \cos \frac{3\pi}{7} + 2 \sin \frac{\pi}{7} \cos \frac{5\pi}{7}$$

$$2 \sin \frac{\pi}{7} \cdot p = (\sin \frac{2\pi}{7} - \sin \frac{0\pi}{7}) + (\sin \frac{4\pi}{7} - \sin \frac{2\pi}{7}) + (\sin \frac{6\pi}{7} - \sin \frac{4\pi}{7})$$

$$2 \sin \frac{\pi}{7} \cdot p = \sin \frac{6\pi}{7} \Rightarrow p = \frac{\sin \frac{6\pi}{7}}{2 \sin \frac{\pi}{7}} = \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{7}}{2 \sin \frac{\pi}{7}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

21、設 $\alpha + \beta = \frac{\pi}{6}$, $0 \leq \alpha \leq \frac{\pi}{6}$, $0 \leq \beta \leq \frac{\pi}{6}$, 則求 $\cos \alpha \cos \beta$ 最大值_____與最小值_____。

答案 : $\alpha + \beta = \frac{\pi}{6}$, $0 \leq \alpha \leq \frac{\pi}{6}$, $0 \leq \beta \leq \frac{\pi}{6}$

$$\cos \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2}[\cos(\alpha + \beta) + \cos(\alpha - \beta)] = \frac{1}{2}[\cos(\frac{\pi}{6}) + \cos(\alpha - \beta)]$$

$$\because -\frac{\pi}{6} \leq \alpha - \beta \leq \frac{\pi}{6} \quad \therefore \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \leq \cos(\alpha - \beta) \leq 1$$

$\therefore \cos \alpha \cos \beta$ 之最大值為 $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} + \frac{1}{2}$ ，最小值為 $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$