

一、概念題

1. $\pm \frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$ 2. 6 3. (A)(E) 4. $\frac{8}{9}$; $-\frac{47}{81}$ 5. $\frac{2\pi}{3}$; $(2, -6)$ 6. $(13, -13)$ 7. 20 8. $512\sqrt{3} + 512i$

二、單一選擇題

9. (D) 10. (C)

三、多重選擇題

11. (A)(B)(D)(E) 12. (B)(C)(D)(E)

四、填充題

13. 6 14. $\frac{56}{65}$ 15. 5 16. $(10, \frac{16}{21}\pi)$

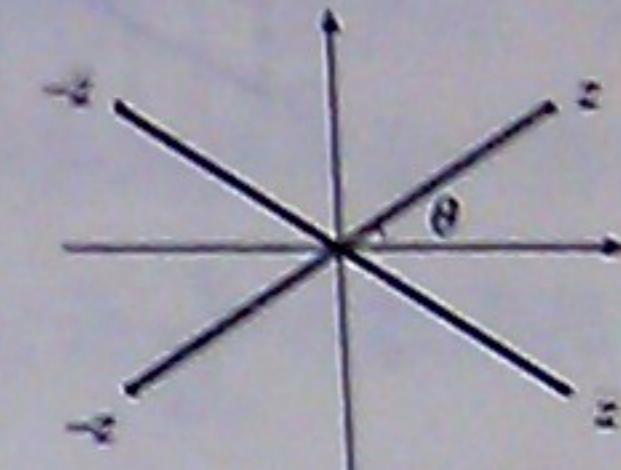
詳解

二、單一選擇題

9. 若 $\text{Arg}(z) = \theta$ ，則 \bar{z} 的幅角為 $-\theta$ ， $-z$ 的幅角為 $\theta + 180^\circ$ ， $-\bar{z}$ 的幅角為 $-\theta + 180^\circ$ ，

$\frac{1}{z} = z^{-1}$ 的幅角為 $-\theta$ ， z^2 的幅角為 2θ

\therefore 選(D)



$$10. \cot\theta - \tan\theta = \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} - \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta} = \frac{\cos^2\theta - \sin^2\theta}{\sin\theta\cos\theta} = \frac{\cos 2\theta}{\frac{1}{2}\sin 2\theta} = 2 \cdot \frac{\cos 2\theta}{\sin 2\theta} = 2 \cot 2\theta$$

\therefore 選(C)

三、多重選擇題

11. (A) $2\sin 5^\circ \cos 5^\circ = \sin 10^\circ$ ，合

(B) $\cos(-80^\circ) = \cos 80^\circ = \sin 10^\circ$ ，合

(C) $\sin 190^\circ = -\sin 10^\circ$ ，不合

(D) $\sin 170^\circ = \sin 10^\circ$ ，合

(E) $1 - 2\sin^2 40^\circ = \cos 80^\circ = \sin 10^\circ$ ，合

\therefore 選(A)(B)(D)(E)

$$12. (A)(B) x = 2(\sin 10^\circ + i \cos 10^\circ) = 2(\cos 80^\circ + i \sin 80^\circ)$$

$$\text{則 } x^3 = 8(\cos 240^\circ + i \sin 240^\circ) = 8\left(\frac{-1}{2} + \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}i\right) = -4 - 4\sqrt{3}i \quad \therefore a = -4, b = -4\sqrt{3}, (\text{A}) \text{ 不合}, (\text{B}) \text{ 合}$$

(C) $|b + ai| = |a + bi| = |x^3| = |x|^3 = 2^3 = 8$ ，合

(D)(E): 三個根把圓周三等分，另兩根為 $2(\cos 200^\circ + i \sin 200^\circ)$ 與 $2(\cos 320^\circ + i \sin 320^\circ)$

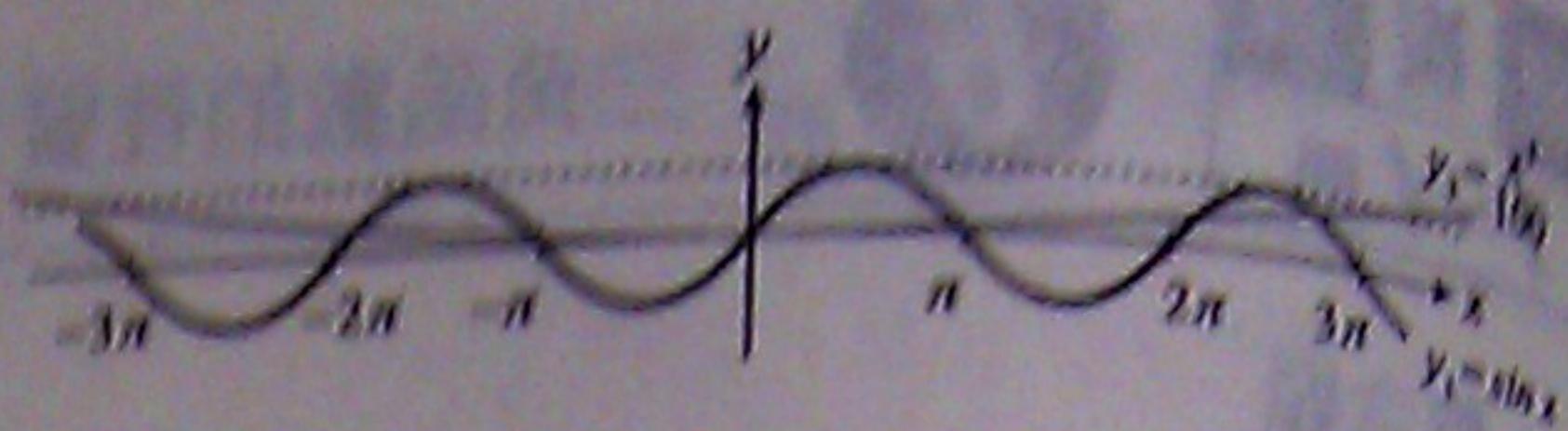
而 $-2(\cos 20^\circ + i \sin 20^\circ) = 2(\cos 200^\circ + i \sin 200^\circ) \quad \therefore (\text{D})(\text{E}) \text{ 皆合}$

\therefore 選(B)(C)(D)(E)

四、填充題

A. 令 $\sin x = \frac{x^2}{100}$ ，令 $y_1 = \sin x$ ， $y_2 = \frac{x^2}{10}$ ，作圖如右

範圍 $-10 \sim 10$ ∵ 共有 6 個交點 ∴ 共 6 個實根



B. 令 $\angle COB = \theta_1$ ，則 $\sin\theta_1 = \frac{\overline{BC}}{\overline{OB}} = \frac{3}{5}$ ， $\cos\theta_1 = \frac{\overline{OC}}{\overline{OB}} = \frac{4}{5}$

令 $\angle ROQ = \theta_2$ ，則 $\sin\theta_2 = \frac{\overline{RQ}}{\overline{OQ}} = \frac{5}{13}$ ， $\cos\theta_2 = \frac{\overline{OR}}{\overline{OQ}} = \frac{12}{13}$

$$\therefore \sin\angle COQ = \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2) = \sin\theta_1 \cos\theta_2 + \cos\theta_1 \sin\theta_2 = \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{12}{13} + \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{5}{13} = \frac{56}{65}$$

C. 設 $\angle ABP = \theta$ ，則 $\angle CBQ = 90^\circ - \theta$ ， $\overline{BP} = 4\cos\theta$ ， $\overline{BQ} = 3\cos(90^\circ - \theta) = 3\sin\theta$

$$\therefore \overline{BP} + \overline{BQ} = 4\cos\theta + 3\sin\theta, 0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 90^\circ, \text{最大值為 } \sqrt{4^2 + 3^2} = 5$$

D. ∵ $1 + \sqrt{3}i = 2\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i\right) = 2\left(\cos\frac{\pi}{3} + i\sin\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$ ， $\frac{3}{7}\pi + \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{16}{21}\pi$

$$\therefore z \cdot (1 + \sqrt{3}i) = 5\left(\cos\frac{3}{7}\pi + i\sin\frac{3}{7}\pi\right) \cdot 2\left(\cos\frac{\pi}{3} + i\sin\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 10\left(\cos\frac{16}{21}\pi + i\sin\frac{16}{21}\pi\right)$$

$$\therefore (\alpha, \theta) = (10, \frac{16}{21}\pi)$$