

高雄市明誠中學 高一數學平時測驗				日期：93.06.14
範圍	3-4 積與和差互化 (2)	班級	座號	姓名

一、填充題(每題 10 分)

1. $\sin 80^\circ - \sin 40^\circ - \sin 20^\circ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案：0

解析：

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 80^\circ - \sin 40^\circ - \sin 20^\circ &= (\sin 80^\circ - \sin 40^\circ) - \sin 20^\circ = 2\cos \frac{80^\circ + 40^\circ}{2} \sin \frac{80^\circ - 40^\circ}{2} - \sin 20^\circ \\&= 2\cos 60^\circ \sin 20^\circ - \sin 20^\circ = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sin 20^\circ - \sin 20^\circ = \sin 20^\circ - \sin 20^\circ = 0\end{aligned}$$

2. 設 α, β 不同界，已知 α, β 為方程式 $\sin x - \sqrt{3} \cos x = 1$ 的兩個根，則 $\tan \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}$ 之值為 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案： $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

解析：

α, β 為 $\sin x - \sqrt{3} \cos x = 1$ 的兩個根，代入

$$\therefore \sin \alpha - \sqrt{3} \cos \alpha = 1$$

$$\text{--} \quad \sin \beta - \sqrt{3} \cos \beta = 1$$

$$(\sin \alpha - \sin \beta) - \sqrt{3} (\cos \alpha - \cos \beta) = 0$$

$$\sin \alpha - \sin \beta = \sqrt{3} (\cos \alpha - \cos \beta)$$

$$2 \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} = \sqrt{3} (-2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2})$$

因為 α, β 不同界 $\therefore \alpha - \beta \neq 2k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \Rightarrow \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \neq k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z} \Rightarrow \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \neq 0$

由(1)(2)得 $\cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} = -\sqrt{3} \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{\sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}}{\cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \Rightarrow \tan \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

3. $4\sin 20^\circ + \tan 20^\circ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案： $\sqrt{3}$

解析：

$$\begin{aligned}4 \sin 20^\circ + \tan 20^\circ &= 4 \sin 20^\circ + \frac{\sin 20^\circ}{\cos 20^\circ} = \frac{4 \sin 20^\circ \cos 20^\circ + \sin 20^\circ}{\cos 20^\circ} = \frac{2 \sin 40^\circ + \sin 20^\circ}{\cos 20^\circ} \\&= \frac{\sin 40^\circ + (\sin 40^\circ + \sin 20^\circ)}{\cos 20^\circ} = \frac{\sin 40^\circ + 2 \sin 30^\circ \cos 10^\circ}{\cos 20^\circ} \\&= \frac{\sin 40^\circ + \cos 10^\circ}{\cos 20^\circ} = \frac{\cos 50^\circ + \cos 10^\circ}{\cos 20^\circ} = \frac{2 \cos 30^\circ \cos 20^\circ}{\cos 20^\circ} = 2 \cos 30^\circ = \sqrt{3}\end{aligned}$$

4. $\cos \frac{\pi}{11} + \cos \frac{3\pi}{11} + \cos \frac{5\pi}{11} + \cos \frac{7\pi}{11} + \cos \frac{9\pi}{11} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案： $\frac{1}{2}$

解析：

$$\text{令 } k = \cos \frac{\pi}{11} + \cos \frac{3\pi}{11} + \cos \frac{5\pi}{11} + \cos \frac{7\pi}{11} + \cos \frac{9\pi}{11} \quad \text{同乘 } \sin \frac{\pi}{11}$$

$$\therefore 2k \sin \frac{\pi}{11}$$

$$= 2\cos \frac{\pi}{11} \sin \frac{\pi}{11} + 2\cos \frac{3\pi}{11} \sin \frac{\pi}{11} + 2\cos \frac{5\pi}{11} \sin \frac{\pi}{11} + 2\cos \frac{7\pi}{11} \sin \frac{\pi}{11} + 2\cos \frac{9\pi}{11} \sin \frac{\pi}{11}$$
$$= \sin \frac{2\pi}{11} + (\sin \frac{4\pi}{11} - \sin \frac{2\pi}{11}) + (\sin \frac{6\pi}{11} - \sin \frac{4\pi}{11}) + (\sin \frac{8\pi}{11} - \sin \frac{6\pi}{11}) + (\sin \frac{10\pi}{11} - \sin \frac{8\pi}{11})$$

$$= \sin \frac{10\pi}{11} = \sin \frac{\pi}{11}, \text{ 故 } k = \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{11}}{2 \sin \frac{\pi}{11}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

5. 求下列各值：

$$(1) \sin 52.5^\circ \cos 7.5^\circ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}^\circ \quad (2) \sin 52.5^\circ \sin 7.5^\circ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}^\circ$$

$$(3) \sin 65^\circ - \sin 55^\circ - \sin 5^\circ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}^\circ \quad (4) \cos 10^\circ + \cos 110^\circ + \cos 130^\circ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}^\circ$$

答案：(1) $\frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$ (2) $\frac{\sqrt{2} - 1}{4}$ (3) 0 (4) 0

解析：

$$(1) \sin 52.5^\circ \cdot \cos 7.5^\circ = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(52.5^\circ + 7.5^\circ) + \sin(52.5^\circ - 7.5^\circ)]$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} (\sin 60^\circ + \sin 45^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$$

$$(2) \sin 52.5^\circ \sin 7.5^\circ = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(52.5^\circ - 7.5^\circ) - \cos(52.5^\circ + 7.5^\circ)]$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} (\cos 45^\circ - \cos 60^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{2} - 1}{4}$$

$$(3) \sin 65^\circ - \sin 55^\circ - \sin 5^\circ = 2\cos 60^\circ \sin 5^\circ - \sin 5^\circ = \sin 5^\circ - \sin 5^\circ = 0$$

$$(4) \cos 10^\circ + \cos 110^\circ + \cos 130^\circ = 2\cos 60^\circ \cos(-50^\circ) + \cos 130^\circ = \cos 50^\circ - \cos 50^\circ = 0$$

6. $\frac{\sin 5^\circ + \sin 20^\circ + \sin 40^\circ + \sin 55^\circ}{\cos 5^\circ + \cos 20^\circ + \cos 40^\circ + \cos 55^\circ} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}^\circ$

答案： $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

解析： $\frac{\sin 5^\circ + \sin 20^\circ + \sin 40^\circ + \sin 55^\circ}{\cos 5^\circ + \cos 20^\circ + \cos 40^\circ + \cos 55^\circ} = \frac{(\sin 5^\circ + \sin 55^\circ) + (\sin 20^\circ + \sin 40^\circ)}{(\cos 5^\circ + \cos 55^\circ) + (\cos 20^\circ + \cos 40^\circ)}$

$$= \frac{2\sin 30^\circ \cos 25^\circ + 2\sin 30^\circ \cos 10^\circ}{2\cos 30^\circ \cos 25^\circ + 2\cos 30^\circ \cos 10^\circ} = \frac{2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cos 25^\circ + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cos 10^\circ}{2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos 25^\circ + 2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos 10^\circ}$$

$$= \frac{\cos 25^\circ + \cos 10^\circ}{\sqrt{3}(\cos 25^\circ + \cos 10^\circ)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

7. $\cos 100^\circ \sin 50^\circ + \sin 50^\circ \cos 20^\circ - \cos 20^\circ \cos 100^\circ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}^\circ$

答案 : $\frac{3}{4}$

解析 :

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 100^\circ \sin 50^\circ + \sin 50^\circ \cos 20^\circ - \cos 20^\circ \cos 100^\circ &= \sin 50^\circ (\cos 100^\circ + \cos 20^\circ) - \cos 20^\circ \cos 100^\circ \\&= \sin 50^\circ \cdot (2\cos 60^\circ \cos 40^\circ) - \frac{1}{2} (2\cos 100^\circ \cos 20^\circ)\end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (2\sin 50^\circ \cos 40^\circ) - \frac{1}{2} (\cos 120^\circ + \cos 80^\circ)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\sin 90^\circ + \sin 10^\circ) - \frac{1}{2} (\cos 120^\circ + \cos 80^\circ)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (1 + \sin 10^\circ) - \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \sin 10^\circ\right) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

8. 設 $180^\circ < x < 360^\circ$ ，若 $\tan x = \frac{\cos 83^\circ + \sin 37^\circ}{\sin 83^\circ - \cos 37^\circ}$ ，則 $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案 : 255°

解析 : $\tan x = \frac{\cos 83^\circ + \sin 37^\circ}{\sin 83^\circ - \cos 37^\circ} = \frac{\sin 7^\circ + \sin 37^\circ}{\cos 7^\circ - \cos 37^\circ} = \frac{2\sin 22^\circ \cos 15^\circ}{2\sin 22^\circ \sin 15^\circ} = \cot 15^\circ = \tan 75^\circ$

x 為第一、第三象限之 $75^\circ \Rightarrow$ 又 $180^\circ < x < 360^\circ \therefore x = 180^\circ + 75^\circ = 255^\circ$

9. 求 $\cos^2 70^\circ + \sin^2 40^\circ + \cos 70^\circ \sin 40^\circ$ 之值 = $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案 : $\frac{3}{4}$

解析 : $\cos^2 70^\circ + \sin^2 40^\circ + \cos 70^\circ \sin 40^\circ = \frac{1 + \cos 140^\circ}{2} + \frac{1 - \cos 80^\circ}{2} + \frac{1}{2} (\sin 110^\circ - \sin 30^\circ)$
 $= 1 + \frac{1}{2} (\cos 140^\circ - \cos 80^\circ) + \frac{1}{2} \sin 110^\circ - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$
 $= 1 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot (-2\sin 110^\circ \sin 30^\circ) + \frac{1}{2} \sin 110^\circ - \frac{1}{4}$
 $= \frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \sin 110^\circ + \frac{1}{2} \sin 110^\circ = \frac{3}{4}$

10. 設 $\begin{cases} \cos \alpha - \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} \\ \sin \alpha + \sin \beta = \frac{-1}{3} \end{cases}$ ，求(1) $\tan \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。 (2) $\sin(\alpha - \beta) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 。

答案 : (1) $\frac{3}{2}$ (2) $\frac{12}{13}$

解析 : (1) $\begin{cases} \cos \alpha - \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2} \\ \sin \alpha + \sin \beta = -\frac{1}{3} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} -2\sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \\ 2\sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} = -\frac{1}{3} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \tan \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$

$$(2) \sin(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{2 \tan \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}}{1 + \tan^2 \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}} = \frac{2 \cdot \frac{3}{2}}{1 + \frac{9}{4}} = \frac{12}{13}$$

11. 設 $\sin \alpha + \sin \beta = 1$ ， $\cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 0$ ，求 $\cos(\alpha - \beta)$ 及 $\cos(\alpha + \beta)$ 之值。

答案 : $\cos(\alpha - \beta) = -\frac{1}{2}$, $\cos(\alpha + \beta) = -1$

解析 :

$$\sin \alpha + \sin \beta = 1 \dots\dots \textcircled{1}, \cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 0 \dots\dots \textcircled{2}$$

$$\textcircled{1}^2 + \textcircled{2}^2 \Rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha + 2\sin \alpha \sin \beta + \sin^2 \beta + \cos^2 \alpha + 2\cos \alpha \cos \beta + \cos^2 \beta = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 + 2\cos(\alpha - \beta) = 1 \Rightarrow \cos(\alpha - \beta) = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{由 } \textcircled{1} 2\sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} = 1 \dots\dots \textcircled{3}, \text{ 由 } \textcircled{2} 2\cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} = 0 \dots\dots \textcircled{4}$$

$$\text{由 } \textcircled{3} \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \neq 0, \text{ 由 } \textcircled{4} \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} = 0, \cos(\alpha + \beta) = 2\cos^2 \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} - 1 = -1$$

12. 計算 $\frac{\sin 7^\circ + \sin 8^\circ \cos 15^\circ}{\cos 7^\circ - \sin 8^\circ \sin 15^\circ}$ 之值。

答案 : $2 - \sqrt{3}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{解析 : } & \frac{\sin 7^\circ + \sin 8^\circ \cos 15^\circ}{\cos 7^\circ - \sin 8^\circ \sin 15^\circ} = \frac{\sin 7^\circ + \frac{1}{2}(\sin 23^\circ - \sin 7^\circ)}{\cos 7^\circ + \frac{1}{2}(\cos 23^\circ - \cos 7^\circ)} \\ &= \frac{\sin 23^\circ + \sin 7^\circ}{\cos 23^\circ + \cos 7^\circ} = \frac{2\sin 15^\circ \cos 8^\circ}{2\cos 15^\circ \cos 8^\circ} = \tan 15^\circ = 2 - \sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$